**In order to receive CEUs please complete both sections.**

**AAC Language and Narrative Development Through**

**Storybook Reading**

**November 2-4, 2021**

**CEU Evaluation Form**

**Underline** the answer that you wish to indicate.

1. Content of the materials presented was: Not Useful Neutral Useful

2. Duration of the presentations was: Too Long About right Too Short

3. Research evidence and outcomes data were used to support the presentations: Disagree Neutral Agree

4. I think the impact of this work on my clients who use assistive technology will be: Adverse Neutral Beneficial

1. I was provided with feedback on my ability

to master the learning objectives: Disagree Neutral Agree

1. The information I learned will support my

ability to collect data and measure outcomes

as part of my evidence-based practices: Disagree Neutral Agree

1. I think the following could be improved: \_\_\_\_\_\_
2. I think the following was particularly good / useful: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. In my assessment, my continuing education needs that relate to achieving the most effective communication for my clients who use assistive technology include the following: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. **Underline** items if you are 1) a member of ASHA; 2) a teacher; 3) an OT; 4) a PT; 5) a member of RESNA; 6) an ATP; 7) an ATS; 8) other: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

AAC Language and Narrative Development Through

Storybook Reading

November 2-4, 2021

Learning Assessment Form

Please answer the following questions:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Completion of this quiz is a requirement to receive CEUs for attending this seminar. Underline/Circle/Highlight the correct answer to each question. You must pass with 80% correct to be eligible for CEUs.

1. Which of the following statements about core vocabulary is **NOT** true?
   1. Core vocabulary is a statistical concept related to overall vocabulary frequency.
   2. Core vocabulary is made up of easily pictured concepts such as people, places or things.
   3. Core vocabulary is essential for language development.
   4. Core vocabulary is consistent across demographic groups, activities, conversational topics and clinical populations.
2. A direct representation of an object or concept is considered:
   1. Primary Iconicity
   2. Secondary Iconicity
   3. Translucent
   4. Opaque
3. Evidence of a core vocabulary set has been found:
   1. Only among adult speakers of the English language.
   2. Across populations including typical speakers of all ages and individuals with physical and/or cognitive impairments.
   3. Solely amidst children with a common classroom teacher and adults working in large groups.
   4. Across populations of young children but fading as they reach adolescence.
4. What percentage of language use is comprised of core words?
   1. Approximately 50%
   2. Less than 25%
   3. More than 75%
   4. 100%
5. Which of the following is **NOT** a core word?
   1. spatula
   2. out
   3. mine
   4. go
6. Which of the following is a communication partner strategy designed to increase successful use of an AAC system by an augmented communicator?
   1. Provide hand-over-hand assistance to say the answers in class.
   2. Ask open-ended questions to enable the individual to express their ideas.
   3. Ask yes/no questions to maximize efficiency and reduce the linguistic strain.
   4. Take the majority of conversational turns to take the pressure off of the individual who is using AAC.
7. Aided language input is essential to language development in individuals who use AAC because:
   1. It gives them an opportunity to use their device.
   2. It gives their communication partners the opportunity to learn where vocabulary is in the device.
   3. It models operational skills that are important in device use.
   4. Provides the student with a visual and auditory representation of how language is encoded within their AAC system.
8. Which of the following is **NOT** a component of descriptive teaching?
   1. Students are taught to define key concepts using high frequency vocabulary.
   2. Curriculum words are programmed into the AAC device weekly.
   3. Language is modeled during instruction to support learning.
   4. Students can generate appropriate responses based on their level of language development.
9. Motor automaticity can be defined as:
   1. The ability to do something without conscious thought.
   2. The ability to conceive, plan and carry out a skilled, non-habitual motor act.
   3. A mental process by which the individual simulates movement.
   4. The trial and error process of adjusting movement to new demands.
10. “Decontextualization” in the Stories and Strategies Model refers to:
    1. Demonstration of language knowledge and use outside of the context of the story for narrative and discourse development.
    2. Opportunities to read other stories.
    3. Giving AAC users time to think about how to read the story over and over again, exactly the way it was written.
    4. Strategies to help adults read stories.
11. Three activities that represent decontextualization from a story are:
    1. Listing story characters, playing a tic-tac-toe game at the end of the story, calling friends to tell them what is being read
    2. Cooking, art, and movement activities related to the story
    3. Reading books related to the school curriculum, taking tests about the story theme, asking adults questions about the story
    4. Developing vocabulary lists, using nouns that are used in the storybook, providing options for fill-in-the-blank questions
12. One reason for using storybook reading to promote narrative development is:
    1. Stories aren’t “real” so they can be talked about easily.
    2. Stories have many elements similar to narrative language, such as topic maintenance and a beginning, middle and end.
    3. If you can read a storybook, you can talk just like it is written.
    4. Students can learn to start a conversation with “Once upon a time…”
13. What is one reason to use “the classics” for storybook reading?
    1. Story books are in every classroom
    2. Adults reference content related to the stories in “the classics” assuming that everyone understands the reference.
    3. Therapists and teachers always have the classic storybooks in their shelves and they are around to use in therapy.
    4. These storybooks are available in all book stores, in many versions and many countries and are inexpensive to purchase.
14. Using the language learned for storybook re-reading is helpful in:
15. Making requests for things you liked to read about.
16. Participating in activities in school.
17. Demonstrating an understanding of concepts important to academic achievement.
18. Telling your friends about the stories.
19. Which of the following is a strategy that can enable students who use AAC to be successful with curriculum tasks developed around Bloom’s Taxonomy?
    1. Descriptive teaching of curriculum concepts
    2. Programming curriculum words into the device.
    3. Minimizing the amount of participation so that the student is not pressured to perform.
    4. Ask parent to complete homework with child to supplement vocabulary that is not in the device.

Please note any suggestions for improving this activity in terms of learning value.