**In order to receive CEUs please complete both sections**

**Core Vocabulary Selection and Its Use in Determining Language Development: December 8-10, 2015**

**CEU Evaluation Form**

**Underline** the answer that you wish to indicate.

1. Content of the materials presented was: Not Useful Neutral Useful
2. Duration of the presentations was: Too Long About right Too Short

3. Research evidence and outcomes data were used to support the presentations: Disagree Neutral Agree

4. I think the impact of this work on my clients who use assistive technology will be: Adverse Neutral Beneficial

1. I was provided with feedback on my ability

to master the learning objectives: Disagree Neutral Agree

1. The information I learned will support my

ability to collect data and measure outcomes

as part of my evidence-based practices: Disagree Neutral Agree

1. I think the following could be improved: \_\_\_\_\_\_
2. I think the following was particularly good / useful: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. In my assessment, my continuing education needs that relate to achieving the most effective communication for my clients who use assistive technology include the following: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. **Underline** items if you are 1) a member of ASHA; 2) a teacher; 3) an OT; 4) a PT; 5) a member of RESNA; 6) an ATP; 7) an ATS; 8) other: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Core Vocabulary Selection and Its Use in Determining Language Development: December 8-10, 2015**

Learning Assessment Form

Please answer the following questions:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Completion of this quiz is a requirement to receive CEUs for attending this seminar. Circle the correct answer to each question. You must pass with 80% correct to be eligible for CEUs.

1. Which of the following statements about core vocabulary is **not** true?
   1. Core vocabulary is a statistical concept related to overall vocabulary frequency.
   2. Core vocabulary is made up of easily pictured concepts such as people, places or things.
   3. Core vocabulary is essential for language development.
   4. Core vocabulary is consistent across demographic groups, activities, conversational topics and clinical populations.
2. A direct representation of an object or concept is considered:
   1. Primary Iconicity
   2. Secondary Iconicity
   3. Translucent
   4. Opaque
3. In comparing a language-based display to a needs-based display we find that:
   1. Language-based displays have vocabulary for objects in specific environments
   2. Language-based overlays are based on staff intuitions and are designed for specific needs.
   3. Language-based displays assume a multiplicity of pages with special words on each page connected to a topic, environment, or activity.
   4. Language-based displays have vocabulary that supports communication in all environments.
4. When targeting language development in children with various physical, psychological, and cognitive disabilities, which of the following is true?
   1. We can access research that provides evidence regarding effective intervention strategies for each disability.
   2. Typical language development along with consideration of individual client needs and good clinical judgment provides an effective organization for language intervention with these children.
   3. Teaching language is instinctive for speech-language pathologists and an organizational scaffold is not necessary.
   4. Children who use AAC devices don’t need to learn language specifically. They just need to be able to express their wants and needs.
5. Which of the following is true with regard to motor plans?
   1. A well-developed motor plan allows people to perform actions with conscious thought.
   2. People with CP, TBI, cognitive impairments and neuro-degenerative conditions depend on motor plans to perform simple movements to a greater degree than their non-disabled peers.
   3. Motor planning is a form of motor learning described as a process of acquiring and restoring movement skills.
   4. Motor plans enable an individual to sequence the steps of novel gross motor activities.
6. Which of the following statements is correct?
   1. Core vocabulary consists of a small number of words used across environments and activities.
   2. Core vocabulary is client specific.
   3. Core vocabulary varies according to activities and environments.
   4. Core vocabulary is not needed on communication devices.
7. Providing individuals with a word-based vocabulary:
   1. Confuses early communicators who use AAC.
   2. Encourages language development.
   3. Prevents generative language production.
   4. Makes very slow users of AAC.
8. The language skills of people who use AAC
   1. Cannot be assessed.
   2. Can be assessed using Norm-referenced tests that are not modified.
   3. Should be assessed informally only.
   4. Can be assessed using modified criterion-referenced tests and informal procedures.
9. Goals and objectives for intervention should
   1. Address teaching expressive language skills only.
   2. Address teaching receptive language skills only.
   3. Be addressed in a skill and drill format.
   4. Be addressed within the natural setting and functional activities.
10. Which of the following is not true?
    1. Demonstrating progress is important for continuation of service and insurance funding.
    2. It is not important to document progress in a formal manner.
    3. It is important to document progress to determine the next steps during treatment.
    4. It is important to determine how to use vocabulary to promote language development.
11. Which is true about the participation model for students who use AAC?
    1. It incorporates the conditions of remembering, understanding, applying, analyzing, evaluating, and creating.
    2. All students who use AAC must be given the opportunity to compete for grades in the classroom.
    3. It was designed to teach peers to interact with AAC users during classroom projects.
    4. It was developed to describe the degree to which students who use AAC interact with their peers in the general education classroom.
12. Which of the following is **not** a component of descriptive teaching?
    1. Students are taught to define key concepts using high frequency vocabulary.
    2. Curriculum words are programmed into the AAC device weekly.
    3. Language is modeled during instruction to support learning.
    4. Students can generate appropriate responses based on their level of language development.
13. Which of the following is a strategy that can enable students who use AAC to be successful with curriculum tasks developed around Bloom’s Taxonomy?
    1. Descriptive teaching of curriculum concepts
    2. Programming curriculum words into the device.
    3. Minimizing the amount of participation so that the student is not pressured to perform.
    4. Ask parent to complete homework with child to supplement vocabulary that is not in the device.

Please note any suggestions for improving this activity in terms of learning value.